

SPRI Methodology

Solid Phase Reversible Immobilization (SPRI) technology, uses paramagnetic beads to selectively bind nucleic acids by type and size

Used for

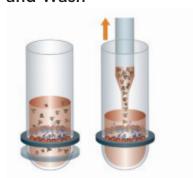
- High-performance isolation, purification and clean-up protocols
- Supporting applications such as next-generation sequencing (NGS), Sanger sequencing, qPCR, ddPCR and microarrays

Nucleic Acid Immobilization



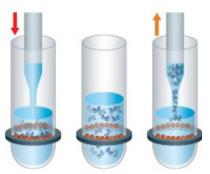
- SPRI beads are directly added to sample reactions
- Nucleic acids are selectively immobilized onto SPRI beads, leaving contaminants in solution

Contaminant Removal and Wash

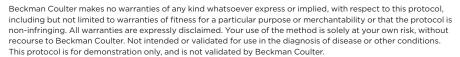


- A magnetic field is used to pull the microparticles out of solution
- Contaminants are aspirated and microparticles are thoroughly washed, yielding high quality nucleic acids

Nucleic Acid Elution (Screen shot of purified DNA coming off beads bound to magnet)



 Purified nucleic acids are easily eluted from the microparticles under aqueous conditions, which provides maximum flexibility for down stream applications



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